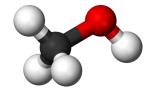


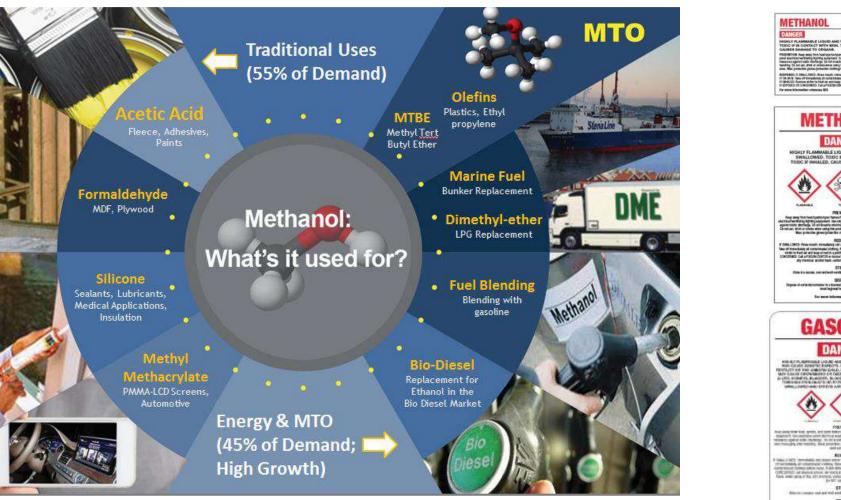
Methanol the fuel for the future



Liane M Rossi Institute of Chemistry University of São Paulo, Brazil 20 Sept 2023

Methanol (CH₃OH): What is used for?





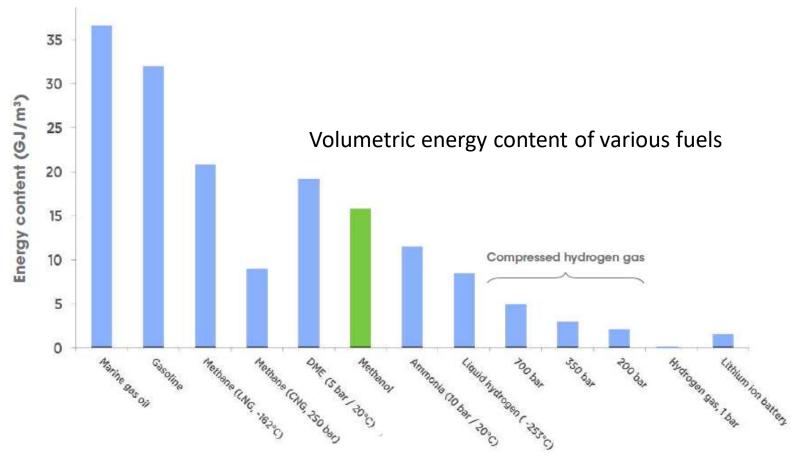
Source: [1] Methanex, www.methanex.com [2] International Renewable Energy Agency 2021 (https://irena.org/publications/2021/Jan/Innovation-Outlook-Renewable-Methanol)



Methanol is a cleaner-burning alternative fuel

- It can be transported and stored easily and safely, being a liquid at room temperature. It is biodegradable and a highly efficient energy carrier, burning cleanly and producing no soot or particulates.
- It has a high-octane rating (109 RON) providing better energy conversion than either gasoline or diesel. In many regions different blends of methanol with gasoline diesel are in use, with 3% and 15% already seen in Europe and China, respectively.
- Authorities in China are also promoting M100 (100% methanol) in light vehicles, buses and trucks. Marine transport is increasingly turning to methanol as a clean replacement for bunker fuel and it continues to grow in popularity for industrial bailors and cookstowes

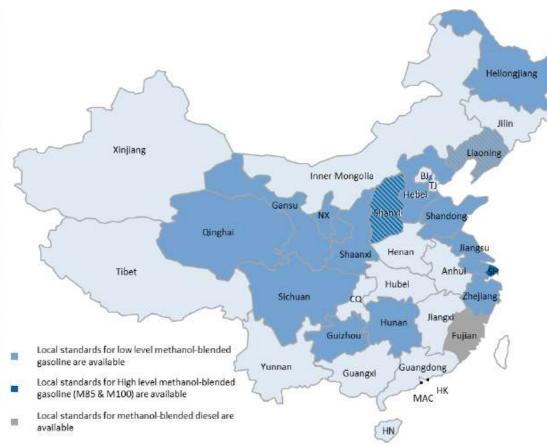




Source: International Renewable Energy Agency 2021 (https://irena.org/publications/2021/Jan/Innovation-Outlook-Renewable-Methanol)

Methanol as a blending fuel in China

Province	Local Methanol Fuel Blending Standards*	Implemented Since
Shaanxi	M15 & M25	2004
Sichuan	M10	2004
Heilongjiang	M15	2005
Liaoning	M15, M20 (methanol- blended diesel)	2006
Qinghai	M5, M10 & M15	2006
Shanxi	M5, M15, M85 & M100	2008
Fujian	M15 (methanol- blended diesel)	2009
Gansu	M15 & M30	2009
Jiangsu	M45	2009
Zhejiang	M15, M30 & M50	2009
Guizhou	M15	2010
Hebei	M15	2010
Hunan	M15, M25 & M30	2012
Shanghai	M100	2012
Shandong	M15	2013
Ningxia	M15 & M30	2014





Source: [1] Methanex, www.methanex.com [2] International Renewable Energy Agency 2021 (https://irena.org/publications/2021/Jan/Innovation-Outlook-Renewable-Methanol)

Methanol as a marine fuel

Methanol is an innovative alternative fuel solution with many benefits





Diesel bunker fuel

Emission reductions when compared to heavy fuel oil



Compared to conventional marine fuels, conventional and renewable methanol reduce CO₂ emissions during combustion by ~15% and ~95% , respectively.

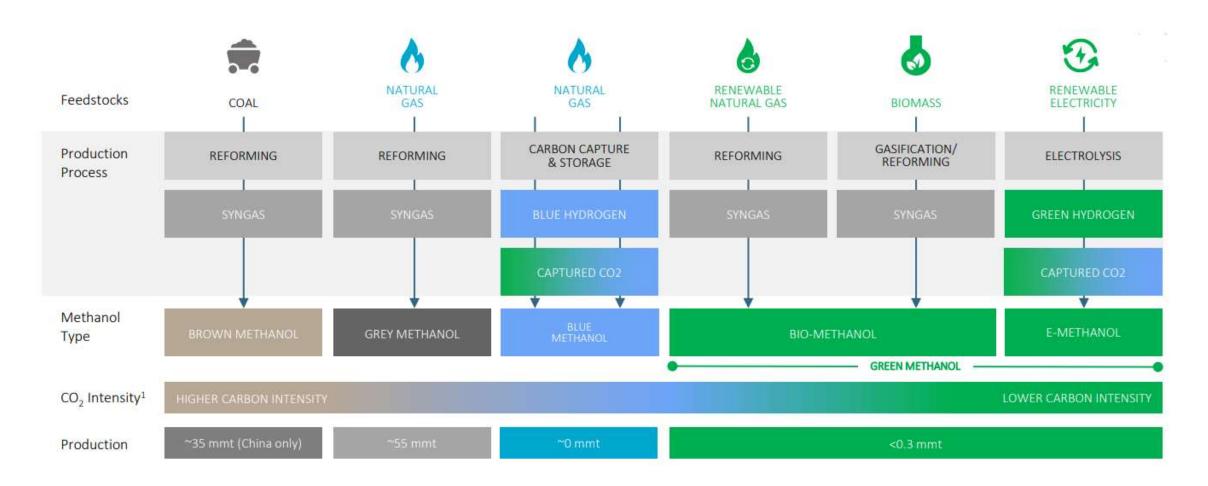
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BERGEN

https://swzmaritime.nl/news/2020/03/10/waterfront-shipping-methanol-as-a-marine-fuel-works/

Methanol production

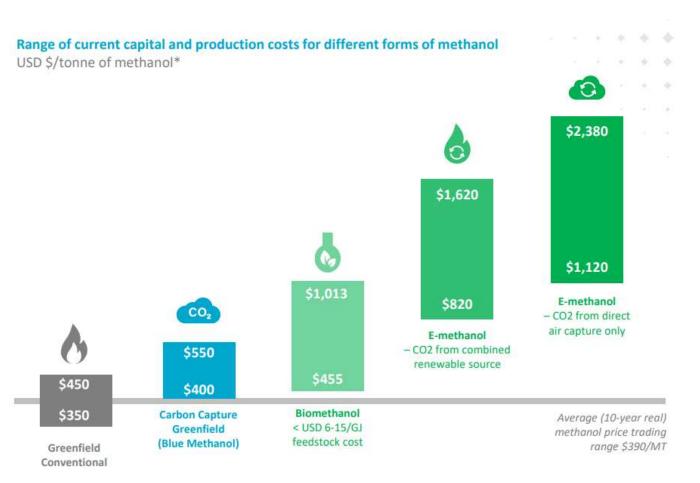
- Conventional methanol reduces air pollution and GHG emissions;
- methanol from renewable sources can support long-term decarbonization



Source: https://www.methanex.com/sites/default/files/investor/MEOH%20Investor%20Presentation%20-%20June%202022.pdf

Price of Methanol x feedstock

- Price response required to incentivize new lowcarbon methanol production
- In the long-term we expect methanol pricing will respond to incent investment as demand for low and zero carbon methanol increases from market segments with Scope 3 emission goals
- The cost for lower emission methanol is expected to decrease as technologies mature and become scalable



Source: https://www.methanex.com/sites/default/files/investor/MEOH%20Investor%20Presentation%20-%20June%202022.pdf. 2021 Irena Report and internal estimates. * Exchange rate used USD 1 = EUR 0.9

CO₂ to Methanol Pilot Plant under construction at USP





https://www.carbonicnetzero.com/